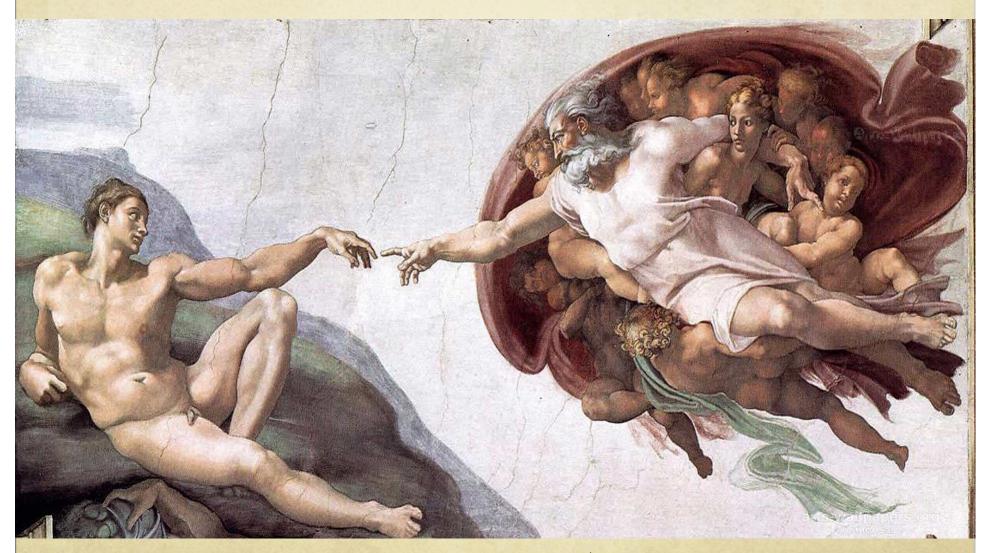
Christian Anthropology: The Human Person in the Modern World



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The Leonine Forum

- Purpose: "To cultivate an emerging generation of virtuous leaders and empower them to form fully integrated lives of faith in order to apply the Social Teachings of the Church within their professional and civic lives" and "bring the tenets of those teachings into their professional and civic lives."
- Basic pillars of the Leonine Experience: worship and spiritual development, study of Catholic Social Teaching, friendship and community, loving service of neighbor.
- More on the Study pillar
 - Basic methodology: Learning the foundations of Catholic Social Teaching and applying them practically and effectively to current situations
 - O Introduction to Magisterial Documents. Literary form. Numbering.
 - Questions and Dialogue



- Pope Francis, Address to the General Assembly of the Pontifical Academy for Life (October 5, 2017)
 - "Human beings seem now to find themselves at a special juncture in their history, in unchartered territory, as they deal with questions both old and new regarding the meaning of human life, its origin and destiny.
 - "The key feature of this moment is, in a word, the rapid spread of a culture obsessively centered on the mastery of human beings individually and as a species over reality. Some have even spoken of an *egolatry*, a worship of the self, on whose altar everything is sacrificed, even the most cherished human affections. ... It induces people to gaze constantly in the mirror, to the point of being unable to turn their eyes away from themselves and towards others and the larger world. The spread of this approach has extremely grave effects on every affection and relationship in life."



- Pope Francis, Address to the General Assembly of the Pontifical Academy for Life (October 5, 2017)
 - "Today there is great need of a **theology of creation and** redemption capable of finding expression in words and acts of love for each life and the whole of life.
 - "Starting from the revelation found in the first chapters of the Book of Genesis, ... we learn that each of us is a creature willed and loved by God for his or her own sake, not merely a combination of cells organized and selected by a process of evolution. All creation is in some way part of God's special love for human creatures. ... God's original blessing and his promise of an eternal destiny are the basis of the dignity of every life; they are meant for everyone.
 - The biblical account of creation needs to be read and reread.



- Pope Francis, Address to the General Assembly of the Pontifical Academy for Life (October 5, 2017)
 - "The covenant between man and woman is called to be a guiding force for society as a whole. ... This is not merely a matter of equal opportunities or mutual appreciation. It involves the way men and women understand the very meaning of life and human progress.
 - "They are called not only to speak to one another *about* love, but to speak *with* love about what needs to be done so that the human community can take shape in the light of God's love for all his creatures.



- Pope Francis, Address to the General Assembly of the Pontifical Academy for Life (October 5, 2017)
 - "A new start must be made in the ethos of peoples ... through a new culture of identity and difference. The recent proposal to advance the dignity of a person by radically eliminating sexual difference and, as a result, our understanding of man and woman, is not right. Instead of combatting wrongful interpretations of sexual difference that would diminish the fundamental importance of that difference for human dignity, such a proposal would simply eliminate it by proposing procedures and practices that make it irrelevant for a person's development and for human relationships.
 - "The utopia of the 'neuter' eliminates both human dignity in sexual distinctiveness and the personal nature of the generation of new life. The biological and psychological manipulation of sexual difference, which biomedical technology can now make appear as a simple matter of personal choice which it is not! runs the risk of dismantling the dynamic source that feeds the covenant between man and woman, making it creative and fruitful.



- Pope Francis, Address to the General Assembly of the Pontifical Academy for Life (October 5, 2017)
 - "We need ... to become sensitive once more to the different stages of life, especially of children and the elderly. Their frailties, their infirmities and their vulnerability are not exclusively the concern of medicine and health care. They also have to do with the soul and with human needs that must be recognized and taken into account, protected and esteemed, by individuals and the community alike.
 - "A society that considers these things as buyable and sellable, bureaucratically regulated and technically managed, is one that has already lost its sense of the meaning of life. It will no longer pass on that meaning to its young, or revere it in its aging parents. Almost without realizing it, we have now started to build cities increasingly unfriendly to children and communities increasingly unwelcoming to the elderly."



Themes of our Upcoming Journey into Catholic Social Teaching

- 1. The Human Person as the Image of God: An Adequate Anthropology
- 2. The Human Person is Created to Know: The Intersection of Faith and Reason
- 3. The Human Person is a Social Creature: The Principles of Catholic Social Teaching
- 4. The Human Person is a Moral Agent: Truth and Charity, Justice and Mercy, the Life of Virtue
- 5. The Human Person is a Citizen of the City of God and the City of Man: Catholics and Political Involvement.



Themes of our Upcoming Journey into Catholic Social Teaching

- 6. The Human Person In the Image of the Divine Giver: Catholics Before Some Major Contemporary Bioethical Questions
- 7. The Human Person, "Male and Female God Created Them": Sexual Identity and Gender.
- 8. The Human Person as Steward of Integral Ecology: "Filling the Earth and Subduing It" and "Having Dominion"
- 9. The Human Person as Co-Creator: The Vocation to Work
- 10. The Human Person is a Transcendent Being: The Right and Responsibility of Religious Freedom
- 11. The Human Person with Dignity in Vulnerable Situations: Poverty, Refugees and Migrants



The Need for An Adequate Anthropology

- The "isms" of the 20th Century
 - e.g., Nazism and Communism, but materialism, hedonism, individualism, relativism, atheism
- The ante-preparatory commission for Vatican II
 - Responding to the yearnings, questions and provisional answers of persons today and responding to modern despair.
 - Wojtyla's *Person and* Act and phenomenological personalism. Personalistic principle.
- O Gaudium et Spes 22 and 24
 - OGS 22: [Christ] fully reveals man to man himself and makes his supreme calling clear
 - GS 24: Man, who is the only creature on earth which God willed for itself, cannot fully find himself except through a sincere gift of himself



The Need for An Adequate Anthropology

- O The Church's Mission in the World
 - Authentic humanism: to help the human person discover who he really is, to provide an answer to his deepest questions.
 - John Paul II: Redemptor Hominis: "Man cannot live without love. ... In the mystery of the Redemption man becomes newly "expressed" and, in a way, is newly created. ... He must, so to speak, enter into him with all his own self, he must "appropriate" and assimilate the whole of the reality of the Incarnation and Redemption in order to find himself."
 - Pope Francis, *Laudato Si'*: "We urgently need a humanism capable of bringing together the different fields of knowledge ... in the service of a more integral and integrating vision" (no. 141), so as to be able to overcome the tragic division between the "two cultures."



An Adequate Christian Anthropology

- O We can focus on ten elements:
 - 1. The person is a creature
 - 2. The person is fundamentally good
 - 3. The person is one in soul and body (corpore et anima unus)
 - 4. The person is the image of God
 - 5. The original differentiation between man and woman
 - 6. The person has and seeks transcendence
 - 7. The person has a conscience
 - 8. The person is a moral agent
 - 9. The person has inalienable dignity and inalienable rights flowing from that dignity.
 - 10. The mystery of human suffering and death



Various Anthropological Confusions

- Reductionistic understandings of human anthropology
 - Metaphysical problems
 - Epistemological problems
 - Ethical problems
- Problems with identity
- O Problems with regard to love and human sexuality
- Problems with work
- Problems with suffering



Bibliography

Foundational documents of CST on anthropology

- Gaudium et Spes, 12-39
- Compendium of the Social Doctrine of the Church, 105-159
- Redemptor Hominis, 7-17
- O Veritatis Splendor, 6-27
- Contract Laborem Exercens, 4-10, 24-27
- Fides et Ratio, 7-35
- © Evangelium Vitae, 39-47
- Pope Francis, Audience with Participants in the Plenary Meeting of the Pontifical Council for Culture, November 18, 2017

O Contemporary documents and articles showing the relevance of those principles

- Peter Kreeft, Why a Christian Anthropology Makes a Difference"
- Cardinal Gianfranco Ravasi, "The Future of Humanity: New Challenges to Anthropology"
- John Allen, "Where does Catholic thinking on 'Gender Theory' Go from here?"
- O Benjamin Vail, "The Battle Over the Sexes: Catholic Perspectives on the Gender Debate



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You may download a copy of this presentation in powerpoint or in PDF, and listen to the audio recording

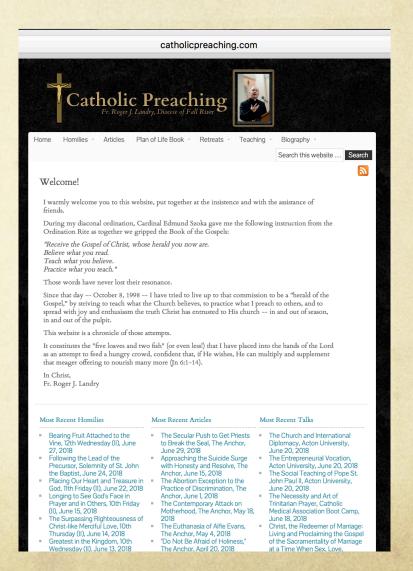
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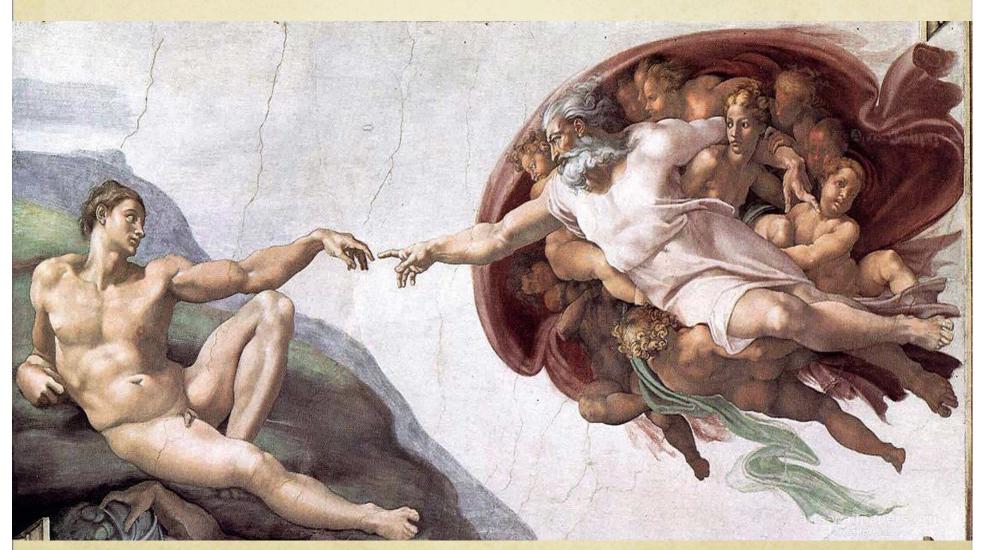
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Questions and Discussion